AMENDMENT TO RULES COMM. PRINT 116-57 OFFERED BY MR. DEUTCH OF FLORIDA

Add at the end of title XII the following:

1	Subtitle H-United States Nation-
2	als Unlawfully or Wrongfully
3	Detained Abroad
4	SEC. 1281. ASSISTANCE FOR UNITED STATES NATIONALS
5	UNLAWFULLY OR WRONGFULLY DETAINED
6	ABROAD.
7	(a) Review.—The Secretary of State shall review the
8	cases of United States nationals detained abroad to deter-
9	mine if there is credible information that they are being
10	detained unlawfully or wrongfully, based on criteria which
11	may include whether—
12	(1) United States officials receive or possess
13	credible information indicating innocence of the de-
14	tained individual;
15	(2) the individual is being detained solely or
16	substantially because he or she is a United States
17	national;
18	(3) the individual is being detained solely or
19	substantially to influence United States Government

1	policy or to secure economic or political concessions
2	from the United States Government;
3	(4) the detention appears to be because the in-
4	dividual sought to obtain, exercise, defend, or pro-
5	mote freedom of the press, freedom of religion, or
6	the right to peacefully assemble;
7	(5) the individual is being detained in violation
8	of the laws of the detaining country;
9	(6) independent nongovernmental organizations
10	or journalists have raised legitimate questions about
11	the innocence of the detained individual;
12	(7) the United States mission in the country
13	where the individual is being detained has received
14	credible reports that the detention is a pretext for an
15	illegitimate purpose;
16	(8) the individual is detained in a country
17	where the Department of State has determined in its
18	annual human rights reports that the judicial system
19	is not independent or impartial, is susceptible to cor-
20	ruption, or is incapable of rendering just verdicts;
21	(9) the individual is being detained in inhumane
22	conditions;
23	(10) due process of law has been sufficiently
24	impaired so as to render the detention arbitrary; and

1	(11) United States diplomatic engagement is
2	likely necessary to secure the release of the detained
3	individual.
4	(b) Referrals to the Special Envoy.—Upon a
5	determination by the Secretary of State, based on the to-
6	tality of the circumstances, that there is credible informa-
7	tion that the detention of a United States national abroad
8	is unlawful or wrongful, and regardless of whether the de-
9	tention is by a foreign government or a nongovernmental
10	actor, the Secretary shall transfer responsibility for such
11	case from the Bureau of Consular Affairs of the Depart-
12	ment of State to the Special Envoy for Hostage Affairs
13	created pursuant to section 1282.
14	(c) Report.—
15	(1) Annual Report.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State
17	shall submit to the appropriate congressional
18	committees an annual report with respect to
19	United States nationals for whom the Secretary
20	determines there is credible information of un-
21	lawful or wrongful detention abroad.
22	(B) FORM.—The report required under
23	this paragraph shall be submitted in unclassi-
24	fied form, but may include a classified annex if
25	necessary.

1	(2) Composition.—The report required under
2	paragraph (1) shall include current estimates of the
3	number of individuals so detained, as well as rel-
4	evant information about particular cases, such as—
5	(A) the name of the individual, unless the
6	provision of such information is inconsistent
7	with section 552a of title 5, United States Code
8	(commonly known as the "Privacy Act of
9	1974'');
10	(B) basic facts about the case;
11	(C) a summary of the information that
12	such individual may be detained unlawfully or
13	wrongfully;
14	(D) a description of specific efforts, legal
15	and diplomatic, taken on behalf of the indi-
16	vidual since the last reporting period, including
17	a description of accomplishments and setbacks;
18	and
19	(E) a description of intended next steps.
20	(d) RESOURCE GUIDANCE.—
21	(1) Establishment.—Not later than 180 days
22	after the date of the enactment of this Act and after
23	consulting with relevant organizations that advocate
24	on behalf of United States nationals detained abroad
25	and the Family Engagement Coordinator established

1	pursuant to section $1283(e)(2)$, the Secretary of
2	State shall provide resource guidance in writing for
3	government officials and families of unjustly or
4	wrongfully detained individuals.
5	(2) Content.—The resource guidance required
6	under paragraph (1) should include—
7	(A) information to help families under-
8	stand United States policy concerning the re-
9	lease of United States nationals unlawfully or
10	wrongfully held abroad;
11	(B) contact information for officials in the
12	Department of State or other government agen-
13	cies suited to answer family questions;
14	(C) relevant information about options
15	available to help families obtain the release of
16	unjustly or wrongfully detained individuals,
17	such as guidance on how families may engage
18	with United States diplomatic and consular
19	channels to ensure prompt and regular access
20	for the detained individual to legal counsel,
21	family members, humane treatment, and other
22	services;
23	(D) guidance on submitting public or pri-
24	vate letters from members of Congress or other

1	individuals who may be influential in securing
2	the release of an individual; and
3	(E) appropriate points of contacts, such as
4	legal resources and counseling services, who
5	have a record of assisting victims' families.
6	SEC. 1282. SPECIAL ENVOY FOR HOSTAGE AFFAIRS.
7	(a) Establishment.—There is within the office of
8	the Secretary of State a Special Presidential Envoy for
9	Hostage Affairs.
10	(b) Responsibilities.—The Special Presidential
11	Envoy for Hostage Affairs, under the supervision of the
12	Secretary of State, shall—
13	(1) lead diplomatic engagement on United
14	States hostage policy;
15	(2) coordinate all diplomatic engagements in
16	
16	support of hostage recovery efforts, in coordination
	support of hostage recovery efforts, in coordination with the Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell and con-
17 18	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
17	with the Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell and con-
17 18	with the Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell and consistent with policy guidance communicated through
17 18 19 20	with the Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell and consistent with policy guidance communicated through the Hostage Response Group;
17 18 19	with the Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell and consistent with policy guidance communicated through the Hostage Response Group; (3) coordinate with the Hostage Recovery Fu-
17 18 19 20 21	with the Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell and consistent with policy guidance communicated through the Hostage Response Group; (3) coordinate with the Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell proposals for diplomatic engagements and

1	Cell established under section 1283 and the Hostage
2	Response Group established under section 1284; and
3	(5) in coordination with the Hostage Recovery
4	Fusion Cell as appropriate, coordinate diplomatic
5	engagements regarding cases in which a foreign gov-
6	ernment confirms that it has detained a United
7	States national but the United States Government
8	regards such detention as unlawful or wrongful.
9	SEC. 1283. HOSTAGE RECOVERY FUSION CELL.
10	(a) Establishment.—The President shall establish
11	an interagency Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell.
12	(b) Participation.—The President shall direct the
13	heads of each of the following executive departments,
14	agencies, and offices to make available personnel to par-
15	ticipate in the Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell:
16	(1) The Department of State.
17	(2) The Department of the Treasury.
18	(3) The Department of Defense.
19	(4) The Department of Justice.
20	(5) The Office of the Director of National Intel-
21	ligence.
22	(6) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.
23	(7) The Central Intelligence Agency.
24	(8) Other agencies as the President, from time
25	to time, may designate.

1	(c) Personnel.—The Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell
2	shall include—
3	(1) a Director, who shall be a full-time senior
4	officer or employee of the United States Govern-
5	ment;
6	(2) a Family Engagement Coordinator who
7	shall—
8	(A) work to ensure that all interactions by
9	executive branch officials with a hostage's fam-
10	ily occur in a coordinated fashion and that the
11	family receives consistent and accurate informa-
12	tion from the United States Government; and
13	(B) if directed, perform the same function
14	as set out in subparagraph (A) with regard to
15	the family of a United States national who is
16	unlawfully or wrongfully detained abroad; and
17	(3) other officers and employees as deemed ap-
18	propriate by the President.
19	(d) Duties.—The Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell
20	shall—
21	(1) coordinate efforts by participating agencies
22	to ensure that all relevant information, expertise,
23	and resources are brought to bear to secure the safe
24	recovery of United States nationals held hostage
25	abroad;

1	(2) if directed, coordinate the United States
2	Government's response to other hostage-takings oc-
3	curring abroad in which the United States has a na-
4	tional interest;
5	(3) if directed, coordinate or assist the United
6	States Government's response to help secure the re-
7	lease of United States nationals unlawfully or
8	wrongfully detained abroad; and
9	(4) pursuant to policy guidance coordinated
10	through the National Security Council—
11	(A) identify and recommend hostage recov-
12	ery options and strategies to the President
13	through the National Security Council or the
14	Deputies Committee of the National Security
15	Council;
16	(B) coordinate efforts by participating
17	agencies to ensure that information regarding
18	hostage events, including potential recovery op-
19	tions and engagements with families and exter-
20	nal actors (including foreign governments), is
21	appropriately shared within the United States
22	Government to facilitate a coordinated response
23	to a hostage-taking;
24	(C) assess and track all hostage-takings of
25	United States nationals abroad and provide reg-

1	ular reports to the President and Congress on
2	the status of such cases and any measures
3	being taken toward the hostages' safe recovery;
4	(D) provide a forum for intelligence shar-
5	ing and, with the support of the Director of Na-
6	tional Intelligence, coordinate the declassifica-
7	tion of relevant information;
8	(E) coordinate efforts by participating
9	agencies to provide appropriate support and as-
10	sistance to hostages and their families in a co-
11	ordinated and consistent manner and to provide
12	families with timely information regarding sig-
13	nificant events in their cases;
14	(F) make recommendations to agencies in
15	order to reduce the likelihood of United States
16	nationals' being taken hostage abroad and en-
17	hance United States Government preparation to
18	maximize the probability of a favorable outcome
19	following a hostage-taking; and
20	(G) coordinate with agencies regarding
21	congressional, media, and other public inquiries
22	pertaining to hostage events.
23	(e) Administration.—The Hostage Recovery Fu-
24	sion Cell shall be located within the Federal Bureau of
25	Investigation for administrative purposes.

1 SEC. 1284. HOSTAGE RESPONSE GROUP.

2	(a) Establishment.—The President shall establish
3	a Hostage Response Group, chaired by a designated mem-
4	ber of the National Security Council or the Deputies Com-
5	mittee of the National Security Council, to be convened
6	on a regular basis, to further the safe recovery of United
7	States nationals held hostage abroad or unlawfully or
8	wrongfully detained abroad, and to be tasked with coordi-
9	nating the United States Government response to other
10	hostage-takings occurring abroad in which the United
11	States has a national interest.
12	(b) Membership.—The regular members of the Hos-
13	tage Response Group shall include the Director of the
14	Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell, the Hostage Recovery Fu-
15	sion Cell's Family Engagement Coordinator, the Special
16	Envoy appointed pursuant to section 1282, and represent-
17	atives from the Department of the Treasury, the Depart-
18	ment of Defense, the Department of Justice, the Federal
19	Bureau of Investigation, the Office of the Director of Na-
20	tional Intelligence, the Central Intelligence Agency, and
21	other agencies as the President, from time to time, may
22	designate.
23	(c) Duties.—The Hostage Recovery Group shall—
24	(1) identify and recommend hostage recovery
25	options and strategies to the President through the
26	National Security Council;

1	(2) coordinate the development and implemen-
2	tation of United States hostage recovery policies,
3	strategies, and procedures;
4	(3) receive regular updates from the Hostage
5	Recovery Fusion Cell and the Special Envoy for
6	Hostage Affairs on the status of United States na-
7	tionals being held hostage or unlawfully or wrong-
8	fully detained abroad and measures being taken to
9	effect safe recoveries;
10	(4) coordinate the provision of policy guidance
11	to the Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell, including re-
12	viewing recovery options proposed by the Hostage
13	Recovery Fusion Cell and working to resolve dis-
14	putes within the Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell;
15	(5) as appropriate, direct the use of resources
16	at the Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell to coordinate
17	or assist in the safe recovery of United States na-
18	tionals unlawfully or wrongfully detained abroad;
19	and
20	(6) as appropriate, direct the use of resources
21	at the Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell to coordinate
22	the United States Government response to other
23	hostage-takings occurring abroad in which the
24	United States has a national interest.

1	(d) Meetings.—The Hostage Response Group shall
2	meet regularly.
3	(e) Reporting.—The Hostage Response Group shall
4	regularly provide recommendations on hostage recovery
5	options and strategies to the National Security Council.
6	SEC. 1285. AUTHORIZATION OF IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS.
7	(a) In General.—The President may impose the
8	sanctions described in subsection (b) with respect to any
9	foreign person the President determines, based on credible
10	evidence—
11	(1) is responsible for or is complicit in, or re-
12	sponsible for ordering, controlling, or otherwise di-
13	recting, the hostage-taking of a United States na-
14	tional abroad or the unlawful or wrongful detention
15	of a United States national abroad; or
16	(2) knowingly provides financial, material, or
17	technological support for, or goods or services in
18	support of, an activity described in paragraph (1).
19	(b) Sanctions Described.—The sanctions de-
20	scribed in this subsection are the following:
21	(1) Ineligibility for visas, admission, or
22	PAROLE.—
23	(A) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—An
24	alien described in subsection (a) may be—
25	(i) inadmissible to the United States:

1	(ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other
2	documentation to enter the United States;
3	and
4	(iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted
5	or paroled into the United States or to re-
6	ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-
7	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
8	seq.).
9	(B) Current visas revoked.—
10	(i) In general.—An alien described
11	in subsection (a) may be subject to revoca-
12	tion of any visa or other entry documenta-
13	tion regardless of when the visa or other
14	entry documentation is or was issued.
15	(ii) Immediate effect.—A revoca-
16	tion under clause (i) may—
17	(I) take effect immediately; and
18	(II) cancel any other valid visa or
19	entry documentation that is in the
20	alien's possession.
21	(2) Blocking of Property.—
22	(A) In general.—The President may ex-
23	ercise all of the powers granted to the President
24	under the International Emergency Economic
25	Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), to the ex-

1	tent necessary to block and prohibit all trans-
2	actions in property and interests in property of
3	a foreign person described in subsection (a) if
4	such property and interests in property are in
5	the United States, come within the United
6	States, or are or come within the possession or
7	control of a United States person.
8	(B) Inapplicability of national emer-
9	GENCY REQUIREMENT.—The requirements of
10	section 202 of the International Emergency
11	Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701) shall
12	not apply for purposes of this section.
13	(c) Exceptions.—
14	(1) Exception for intelligence activi-
15	TIES.—Sanctions under this section shall not apply
16	to any activity subject to the reporting requirements
17	under title V of the National Security Act of 1947
18	(50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) or any authorized intel-
19	ligence activities of the United States.
20	(2) Exception to comply with inter-
21	NATIONAL OBLIGATIONS AND FOR LAW ENFORCE-
22	MENT ACTIVITIES.—Sanctions under subsection
23	(b)(1) shall not apply with respect to an alien if ad-
24	mitting or paroling the alien into the United States
25	is necessary—

1	(A) to permit the United States to comply
2	with the Agreement regarding the Head-
3	quarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake
4	Success June 26, 1947, and entered into force
5	November 21, 1947, between the United Na-
6	tions and the United States, or other applicable
7	international obligations; or
8	(B) to carry out or assist law enforcement
9	activity in the United States.
10	(d) Penalties.—A person that violates, attempts to
11	violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of sub-
12	section (b)(2) or any regulation, license, or order issued
13	to carry out that subsection shall be subject to the pen-
14	alties set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of section 206
15	of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
16	U.S.C. 1705) to the same extent as a person that commits
17	an unlawful act described in subsection (a) of that section.
18	(e) TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS.—The President
19	may terminate the application of sanctions under this sec-
20	tion with respect to a person if the President determines
21	that—
22	(1) information exists that the person did not
23	engage in the activity for which sanctions were im-
24	posed;

1	(2) the person has been prosecuted appro-
2	priately for the activity for which sanctions were im-
3	posed;
4	(3) the person has credibly demonstrated a sig-
5	nificant change in behavior, has paid an appropriate
6	consequence for the activity for which sanctions were
7	imposed, and has credibly committed to not engage
8	in an activity described in subsection (a) in the fu-
9	ture; or
10	(4) the termination of the sanctions is in the
11	national security interests of the United States.
12	(f) Reporting Requirement.—If the President
13	terminates sanctions pursuant to subsection (d), the Presi-
14	dent shall report to the appropriate congressional commit-
15	tees a written justification for such termination within 15
16	days.
17	(g) Implementation of Regulatory Author-
18	ITY.—The President may exercise all authorities provided
19	under sections 203 and 205 of the International Emer-
20	gency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704)
21	to carry out this section.
22	(h) Exception Relating to Importation of
23	Goods.—
24	(1) In general.—The authorities and require-
25	ments to impose sanctions authorized under this sec-

1	tion shall not include the authority or a requirement
2	to impose sanctions on the importation of goods.
3	(2) GOOD DEFINED.—In this subsection, the
4	term "good" means any article, natural or manmade
5	substance, material, supply or manufactured prod-
6	uct, including inspection and test equipment, and ex-
7	cluding technical data.
8	(i) Definitions.—In this section:
9	(1) Foreign person.—The term "foreign per-
10	son" means—
11	(A) any citizen or national of a foreign
12	country (including any such individual who is
13	also a citizen or national of the United States);
14	or
15	(B) any entity not organized solely under
16	the laws of the United States or existing solely
17	in the United States.
18	(2) United States Person.—The term
19	"United States person" means—
20	(A) an individual who is a United States
21	citizen or an alien lawfully admitted for perma-
22	nent residence to the United States;
23	(B) an entity organized under the laws of
24	the United States or any jurisdiction within the

1	United States, including a foreign branch of
2	such an entity; or
3	(C) any person in the United States.
4	SEC. 1286. DEFINITIONS.
5	In this subtitle:
6	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
7	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
8	mittees" means—
9	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations,
10	the Committee on Appropriations, the Com-
11	mittee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Af-
12	fairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Com-
13	mittee on Armed Services, and the Select Com-
14	mittee on Intelligence of the United States Sen-
15	ate; and
16	(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
17	Committee on Appropriations, the Committee
18	on Financial Services, the Committee on the
19	Judiciary, the Committee on Armed Services,
20	and the Permanent Select Committee on Intel-
21	ligence of the House of Representatives.
22	(2) United States National.—The term
23	"United States national" means—
24	(A) a United States national as defined in
25	section 101(a)(22) or section 308 of the Immi-

1	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
2	1101(a)(22), 8 U.S.C. 1408); and
3	(B) a lawful permanent resident alien with
4	significant ties to the United States.
5	SEC. 1287. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.
6	Nothing in this subtitle may be construed to author-
7	ize a private right of action.
	\boxtimes